

I. Match the pictures with the statements.

Párosítsd a képeket a megfelelő állításokkal!

1. The members of the Royal Family, first of all, the King or Queen. Elisabeth II has been ruling since 1952.
2. The Queen's Guards are all part of the **Household Division** who have guarded the Sovereign and the Royal Palaces since 1660.
3. The clock tower is situated on the banks of the river Thames and is part of the Palace of Westminster. Officially "Big Ben" refers to the huge thirteen ton bell that strikes the hour.
4. The Yeomen Warders, popularly known as the Beefeaters, are ceremonial guardians of Her Majesty's Royal Palace and Fortress The Tower of London.
5. In principle they are responsible for looking after any prisoners at the Tower and safeguarding the British crown jewels, but in practice they act as tour guides.
6. The red double-decker buses in London have become an icon of Britain. Particularly the Route master bus, which had been in London for nearly half a century following its introduction in 1956.
7. A hackney is a carriage or automobile for hire. Motorized hackney cabs in the UK, traditionally all black in London have the popular name of black cabs.
8. The red telephone box is a characteristic sight of the streets of the UK.
9. Who has not heard of the famous English tea?



2. ábra



3. ábra



4. ábra



1. ábra



6. ábra



7. ábra



8. ábra



9. ábra

5. ábra

II. Match the pictures with the statements . Melyik leíráshoz melyik kép tartozik?

ENGLAND

- a. The historic flag of St. George became the official flag of England in 1278. The flag is dominated by an upright deep-red cross.
- b. The red rose symbolises the end of the Wars of the Roses. It is the national flower of England.
- c. The „Three Lions” is the unofficial crest of England and as first used by Richard the Lionheart.
- d. The oak tree is the national tree of England

WALES

- e. In 1959, the Queen made the Red Dragon on green and white, the official Welsh flag.
- f. The leek is a vegetable, Welshmen wore it in battles.
- g. The daffodil is a yellow spring flower
- h. The Prince of Wales is always the first son of the royal family
- i. St. David is a patron saint of Wales, his flag with a yellow cross on black background is a symbol of Wales too.

SCOTLAND

- j. The national musical instrument of the Scots is the bagpipe.
- k. The national flower of the Scots is the purple thistle.
- l. The Lion Rampant, a red standing lion, is the symbol of the Scottish monarch
- m. Scotsmen wear kilts and the plaid cloth that kilts are made from is the tartan.
- n. The famous Scottish Saltire (X-shaped cross), St. Andrew's cross, is a white cross on sky-blue background.
- o. The Scottish Crown Jewels, known as the Honours of Scotland, are the oldest regalia in the British Isles.

NORTHERN IRELAND

- p. The Red Hand of Ulster is the official seal of the O'Neill family. Today it is the official Arms of Northern Ireland
- q. St. Patrick, the patron saint of Ireland illustrated the Holy Trinity with a shamrock
- r. The Ulster banner, the former flag of Northern Ireland was in use from 1953–1972
- s. The Cross of St Patrick, patron saint of Ireland, is a red saltire on a white field

II. PICTURES



1. ábra



2. ábra



3. ábra



4. ábra



5. ábra



6. ábra



7. ábra



8. ábra



9. ábra



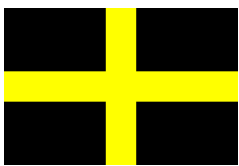
10. ábra



11. ábra



12. ábra



13. ábra



14. ábra



15. ábra



16. ábra



17. ábra



18. ábra



19. ábra